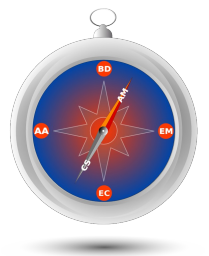
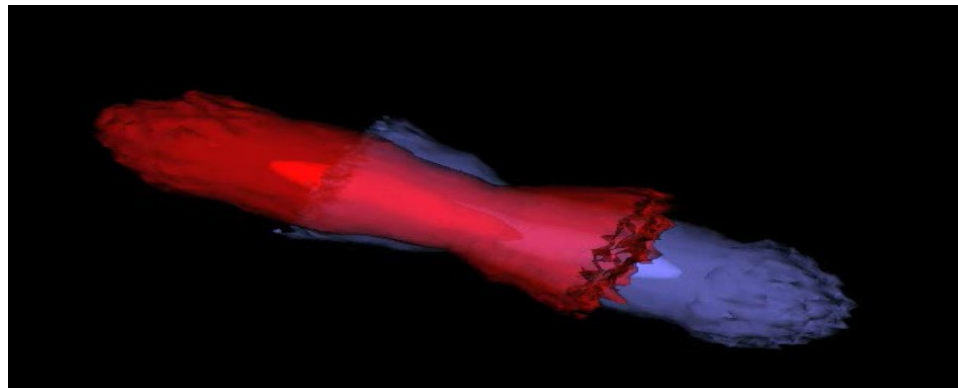


# Fully 3-D multiple beam dynamics processes simulation of the Fermilab Tevatron: A SciDAC Breakthrough

E. Stern, J. Amundson, P. Spentzouris and A. Valishev

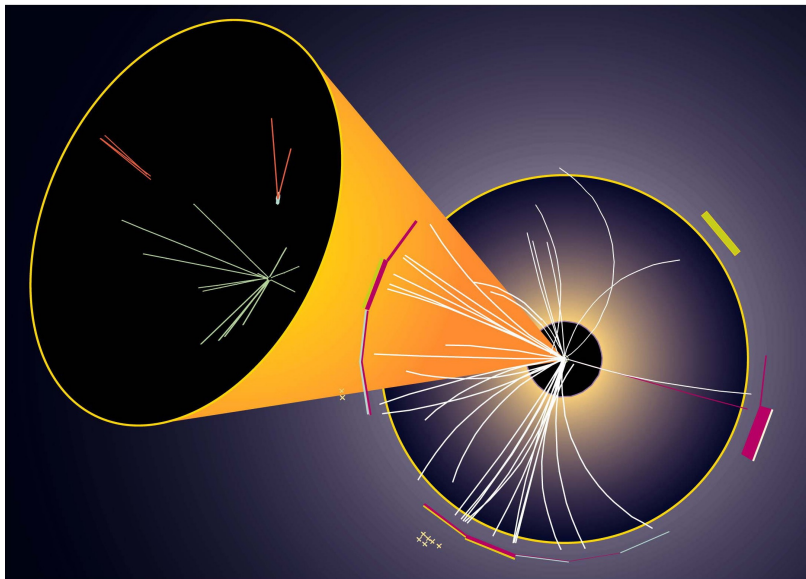
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory



# The Big Questions: time, space, matter and energy



Cosmology and Astrophysics  
Observing the stars



High Energy Particle Physics

Running experiments at  
accelerators

# Finding new phenomena



## The Fermilab Tevatron



Colliding protons and antiprotons at 1 TeV, the highest energy accelerator in the world up until March 2010!

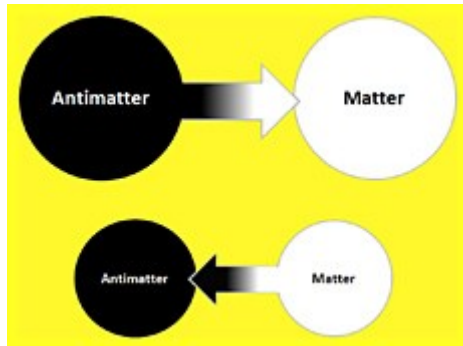


# Recent results from the Tevatron program



Submitted to Phys. Rev. D

Fermilab-Pub-10/114-E



## Evidence for an anomalous like-sign dimuon charge asymmetry

V.M. Abazov,<sup>36</sup> B. Abbott,<sup>74</sup> M. Abolins,<sup>63</sup> B.S. Acharya,<sup>29</sup> M. Adams,<sup>49</sup> T. Adams,<sup>47</sup> E. Aguilo,<sup>6</sup> G.D. Alexeev,<sup>36</sup>  
 G. Alkhazov,<sup>40</sup> A. Alton<sup>a, 62</sup> G. Alverson,<sup>61</sup> G.A. Alves,<sup>2</sup> L.S. Ancu,<sup>35</sup> M. Aoki,<sup>48</sup> Y. Arnoud,<sup>14</sup> M. Arov,<sup>58</sup>  
 A. Askew,<sup>47</sup> B. Åsman,<sup>41</sup> O. Atramentov,<sup>66</sup> C. Avila,<sup>8</sup> J. BackusMayes,<sup>81</sup> F. Badaud,<sup>13</sup> L. Bagby,<sup>48</sup> B. Baldin,<sup>48</sup>  
 B. Balgobin,<sup>47</sup> G. B. ...<sup>39</sup> B. B. ...<sup>61</sup> J. B. ...<sup>15</sup> B. B. ...<sup>56</sup> J. B. ...<sup>2</sup> J. B. ...<sup>48</sup>

Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 2010



## Combination of Tevatron searches for the standard model Higgs boson in the $W^+W^-$ decay mode

T. Aaltonen<sup>†, 15</sup> V.M. Abazov<sup>†, 53</sup> B. Abbott<sup>†, 121</sup> M. Abolins<sup>†, 106</sup> B.S. Acharya<sup>†, 35</sup> M. Adams<sup>†, 84</sup> T. Adams<sup>†, 80</sup>  
 J. Adelman<sup>†, 83</sup> E. Aguilo<sup>†, 7</sup> G.D. Alexeev<sup>†, 53</sup> G. Alkhazov<sup>†, 57</sup> A. Alton<sup>mm†, 104</sup> B. Álvarez González<sup>†, 61</sup>  
 G. Alverson<sup>†, 99</sup> G.A. Alves<sup>†, 2</sup> S. Amerio<sup>ff†, 39</sup> D. Amidei<sup>†, 104</sup> A. Anastassov<sup>†, 86</sup> L.S. Ancu<sup>†, 52</sup> A. Annovi<sup>†, 38</sup>  
 J. Antos<sup>†, 58</sup> M. Aoki<sup>†, 82</sup> G. Apollinari<sup>†, 82</sup> J. Appel<sup>†, 82</sup> A. Apresyan<sup>†, 91</sup> T. Arisawa<sup>†, 46</sup> Y. Arnoud<sup>†, 17</sup> M. Arov<sup>†, 95</sup>  
 A. Artikov<sup>†, 53</sup> J. Asaadi<sup>†, 128</sup> W. Ashmanskas<sup>†, 82</sup> A. Askew<sup>†, 80</sup> B. Åsman<sup>†, 62</sup> O. Atramentov<sup>†, 109</sup> A. Attal<sup>†, 59</sup>  
 A. Aurisano<sup>†, 128</sup> C. Avila<sup>†, 10</sup> F. Azfar<sup>†, 70</sup> J. BackusMayes<sup>†, 133</sup> F. Badaud<sup>†, 16</sup> W. Badgett<sup>†, 82</sup> L. Bagby<sup>†, 82</sup>  
 B. Baldin<sup>†, 82</sup> D.V. Bandurin<sup>†, 94</sup> S. Banerjee<sup>†, 35</sup> A. Barbaro-Galtieri<sup>†, 72</sup> E. Barberis<sup>†, 99</sup> A.-F. Barfuss<sup>†, 18</sup>  
 P. Baringer<sup>†, 93</sup> V.E. Barnes<sup>†, 91</sup> B.A. Barnett<sup>†, 96</sup> J. Barreto<sup>†, 2</sup> P. Barria<sup>hh†, 40</sup> J.F. Bartlett<sup>†, 82</sup> P. Bartos<sup>†, 58</sup>  
 U. Bassler<sup>†, 21</sup> D. Bauer<sup>†, 67</sup> G. Bauer<sup>†, 101</sup> S. Beale<sup>†, 7</sup> A. Bean<sup>†, 93</sup> P.-H. Beauchemin<sup>†, 6</sup> F. Bedeschi<sup>†, 40</sup>  
 D. Beecher<sup>†, 68</sup> M. Begalli<sup>†, 3</sup> M. Begel<sup>†, 117</sup> S. Behari<sup>†, 96</sup> C. Belanger-Champagne<sup>†, 62</sup> L. Bellantoni<sup>†, 82</sup>  
 G. Bellettini<sup>gg†, 40</sup> J. Bellinger<sup>†, 134</sup> J.A. Benitez<sup>†, 106</sup> D. Benjamin<sup>†, 118</sup> A. Beretvas<sup>†, 82</sup> S.B. Beri<sup>†, 33</sup> G. Bernardi<sup>†, 20</sup>

# High intensity beams in the Tevatron



## Destabilizing effects

- Beam-Beam interactions

- Bunch-bunch coupling
- Head-tail coupling

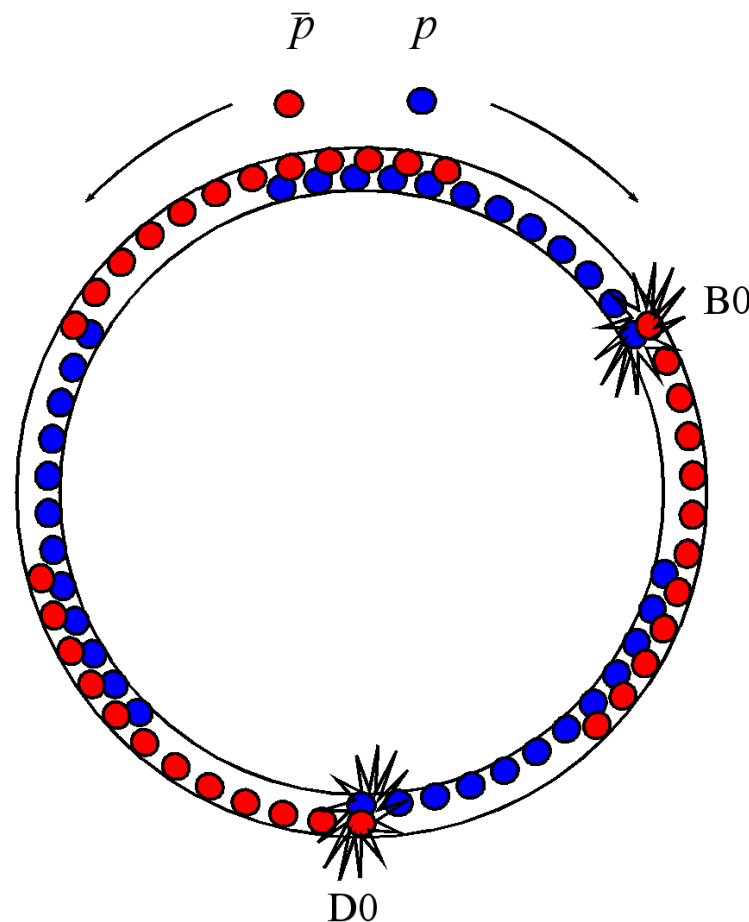
- Machine impedance

- Longitudinal-transverse coupling

- Chromaticity

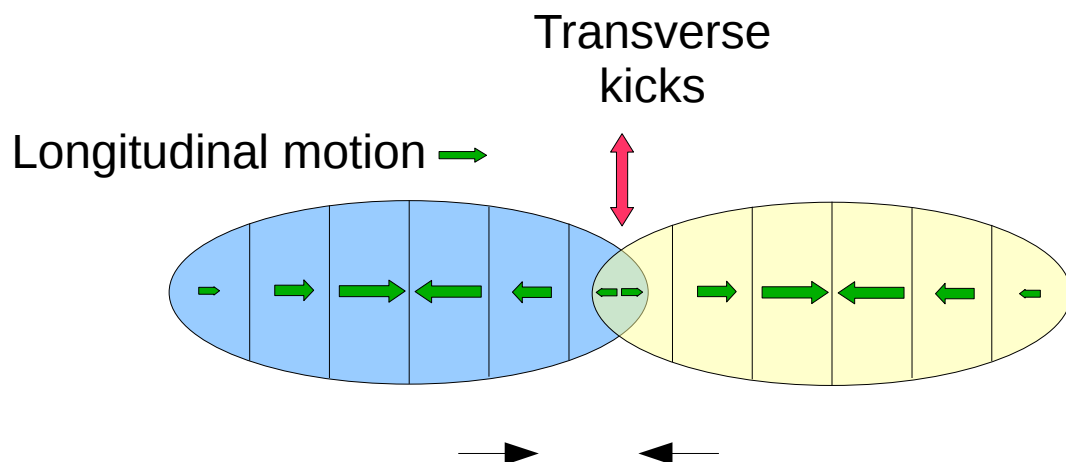
- excites instabilities

Schematic of Tevatron bunches in the ring



**Numeric simulation is the only way to study the problem without disrupting operations**

# BeamBeam3d code



Parallel 3-D Poisson beam-beam force calculation\*

## Features developed for Tevatron simulation

Coupled XY maps

Independent multi-bunch tracking

Helical trajectory

Full collision pattern

Resistive wall impedance

Chromaticity

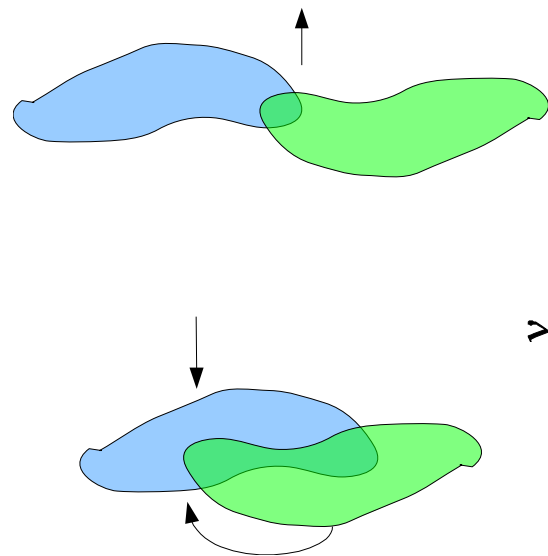
Validate each beam dynamics process individually, either with measured data or with analytic calculations.

\* J. Qiang, et al, J. Comp. Phys. 198 (2004)

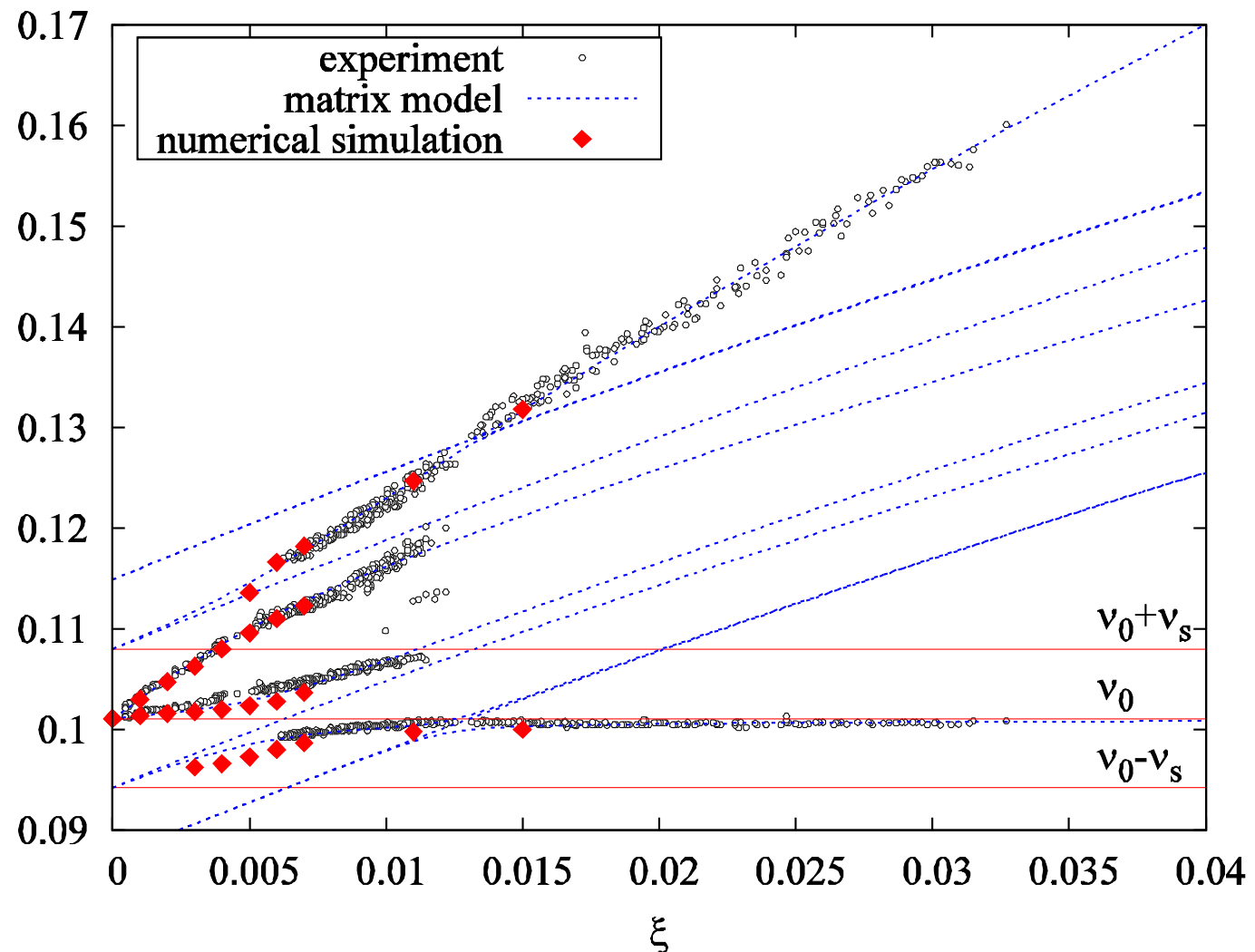
# Beam-beam validation



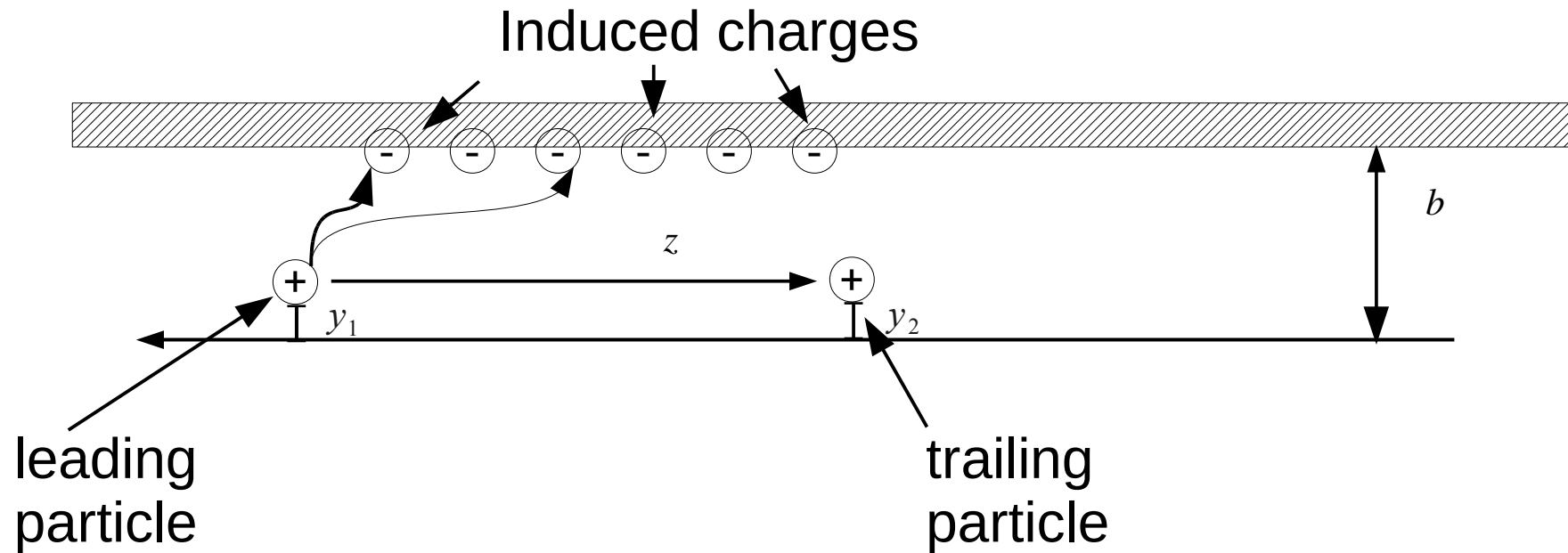
VEPP-2M 500 MeV  $e^+e^-$  collider synchro-betatron mode evolution measurement



$$\xi = \frac{N_e r_e}{4\pi\gamma\epsilon}$$



# Impedance model

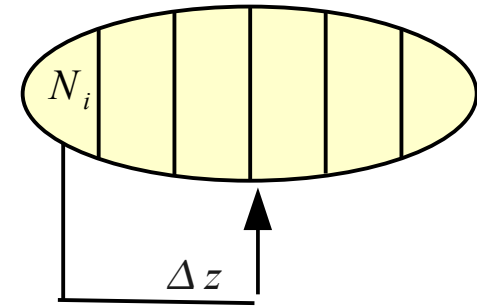


wake

$$W = \left( \frac{2}{\pi b^3} \right) \sqrt{\frac{4\pi\epsilon_0 c}{\sigma}} \frac{L}{\sqrt{\Delta z}}$$

kick

$$\Delta y_2' = \frac{N_i r_p}{\beta \gamma} W y_1$$

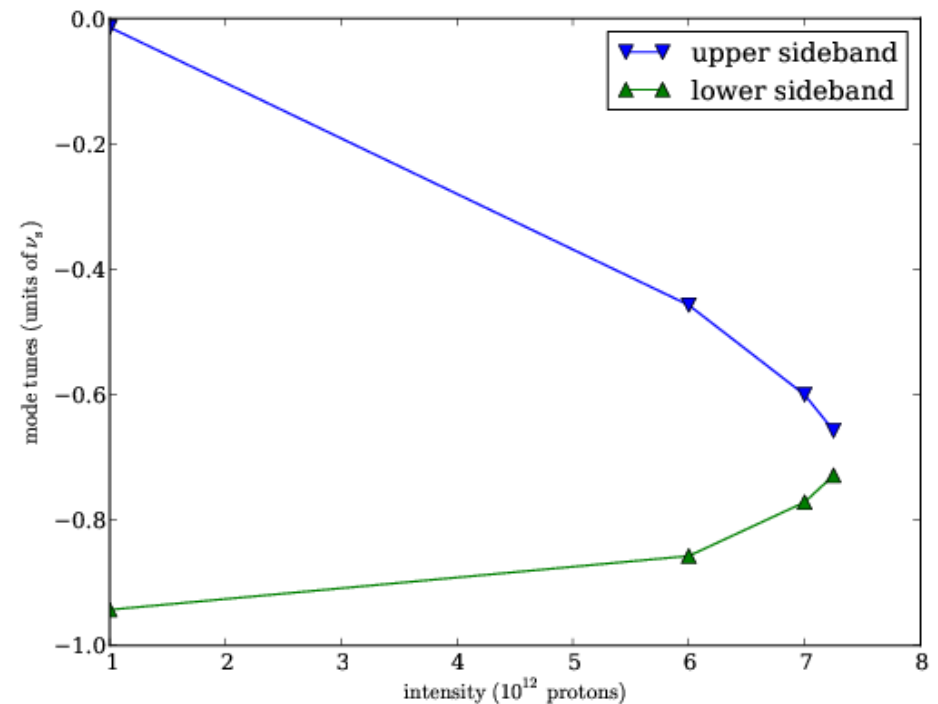
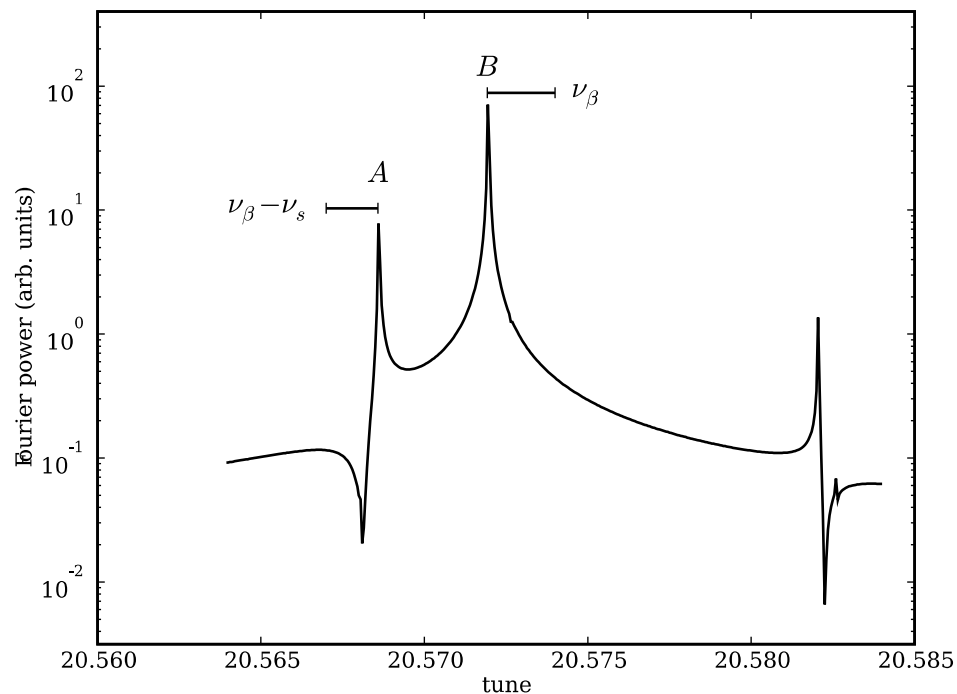




# Impedance validation (1): tune splitting evolution



Well understood variation of tune split with beam intensity



Sidebands meet at expected location

# Impedance validation (2): instability growth rates

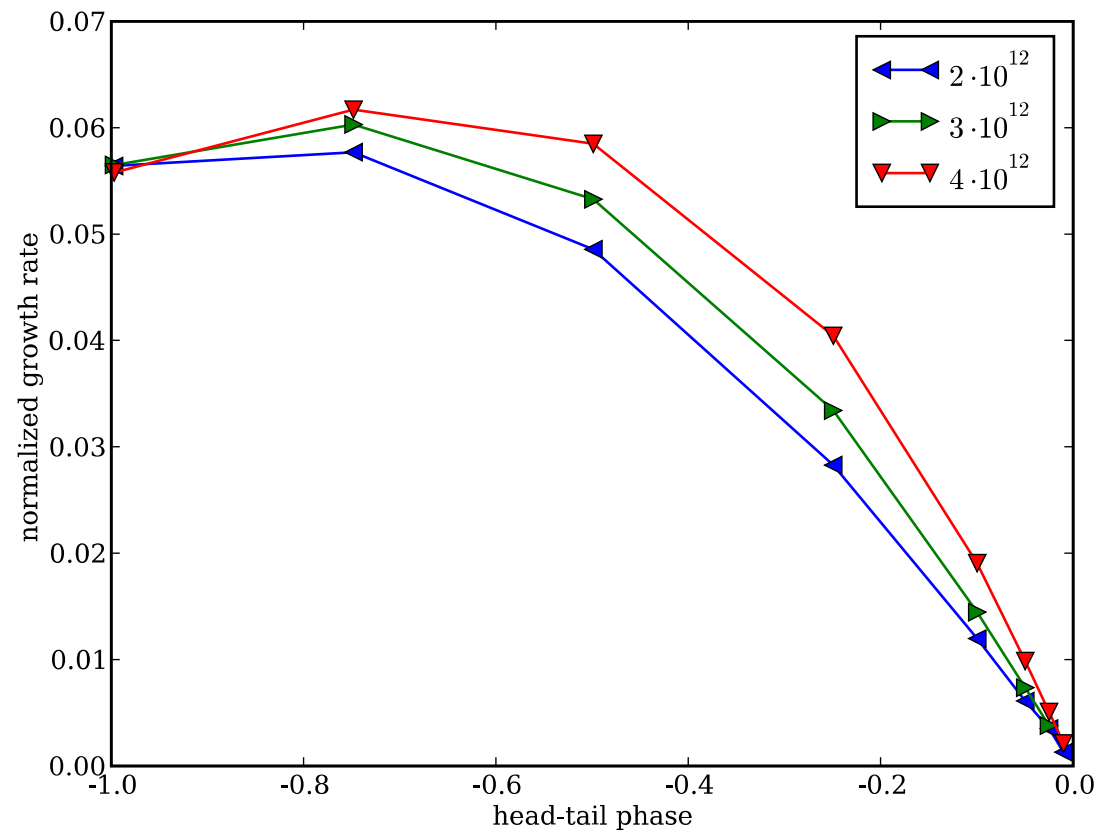


head-tail phase

instability growth rate

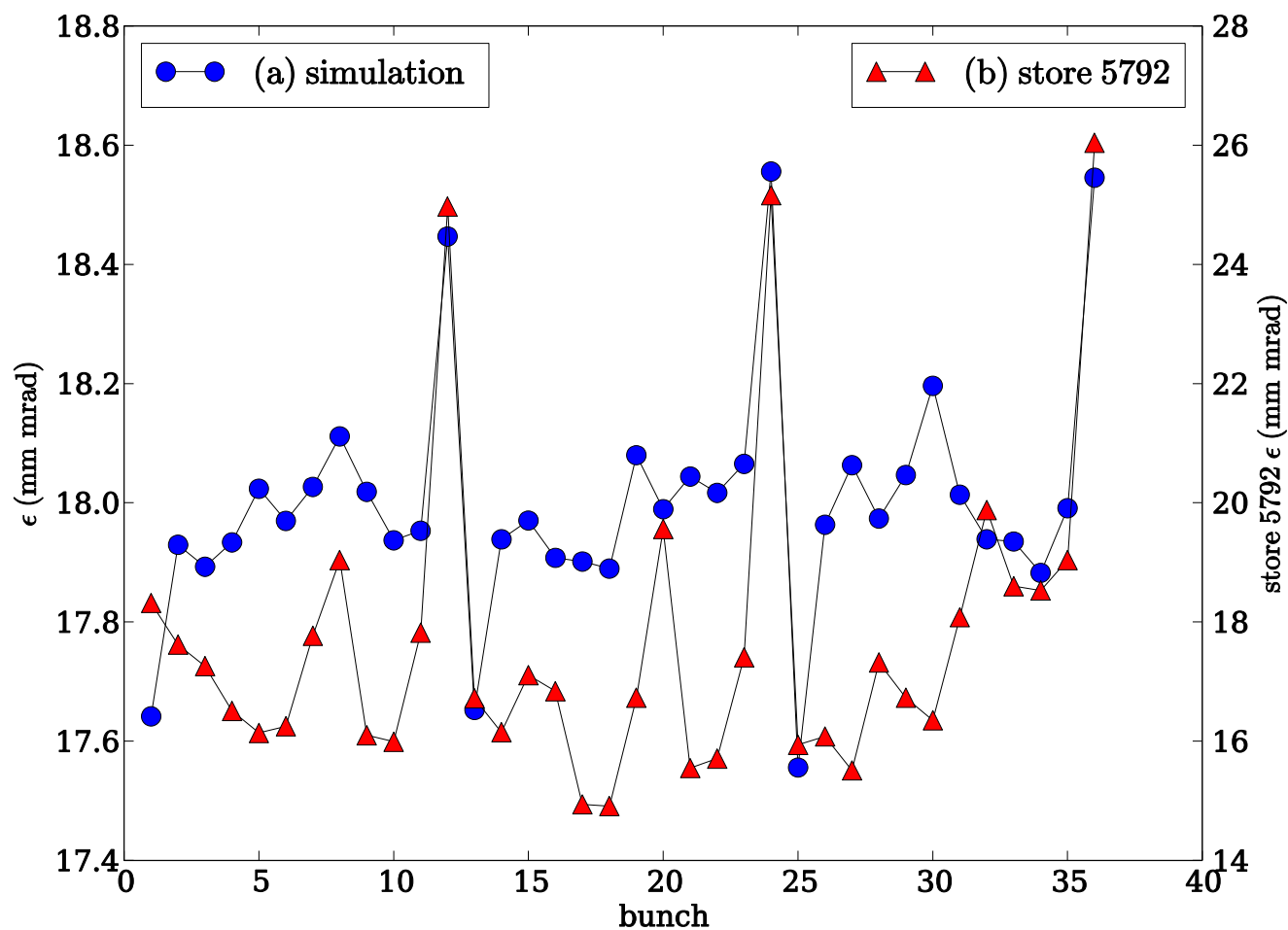
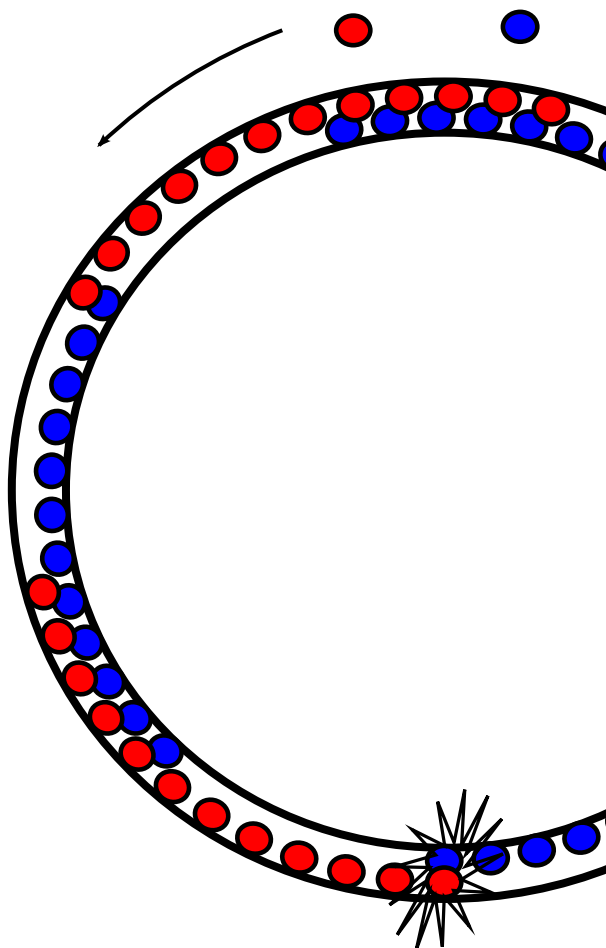
$$\chi = \frac{\xi \omega_{\beta} \hat{z}}{c \eta}$$

$$\tau^{-1} = \frac{N r_o W_0}{2 \pi \beta \gamma v_{\beta}} \chi$$



impedance model validated

# Bunch dependent emittance growth



Pattern reproduced by the simulation

# Tevatron setup dance



The Tevatron is unstable at high intensities



Adding chromaticity can improve stability



Chromaticity causes losses and radiation



Beam-beam force is stabilizing



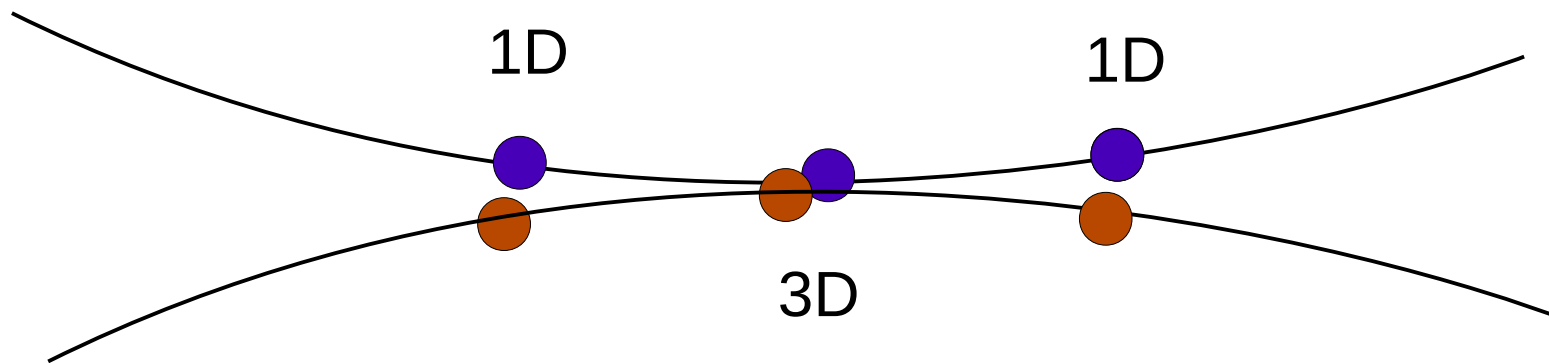
During setup, beam-beam force is reduced



But is it enough to give beam stability?



- Jobs run on ~1000 cores on BG/P
- Full 3D interactions very slowly



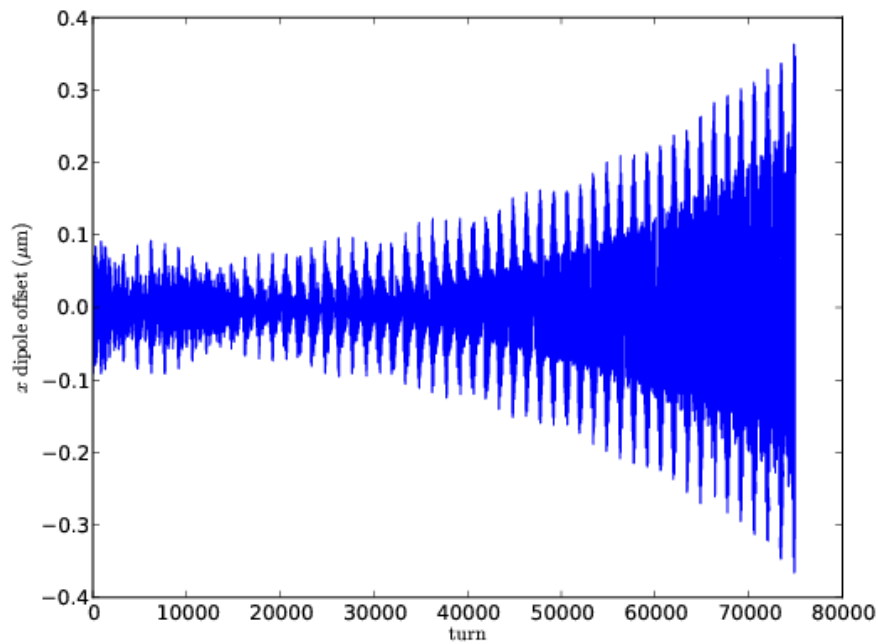
- Simplified problem runs ~1500 turn/hour
- Real accelerator: 48K turns/second
- ~250 jobs for this investigation (production&validation)
- 5 million core hours on Intrepid BG/P



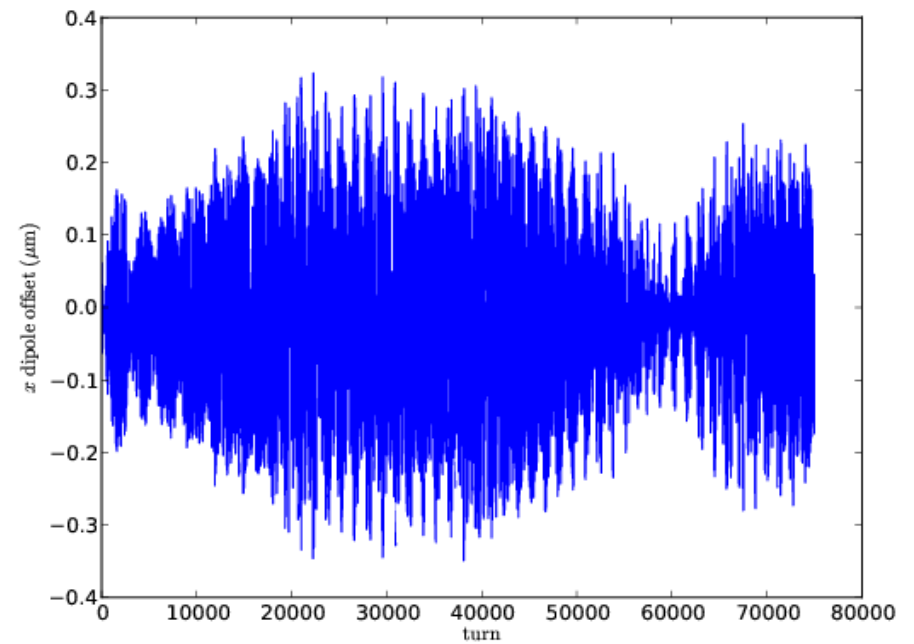
# Weak beam-beam stability studies



No beam-beam



Weak beam-beam

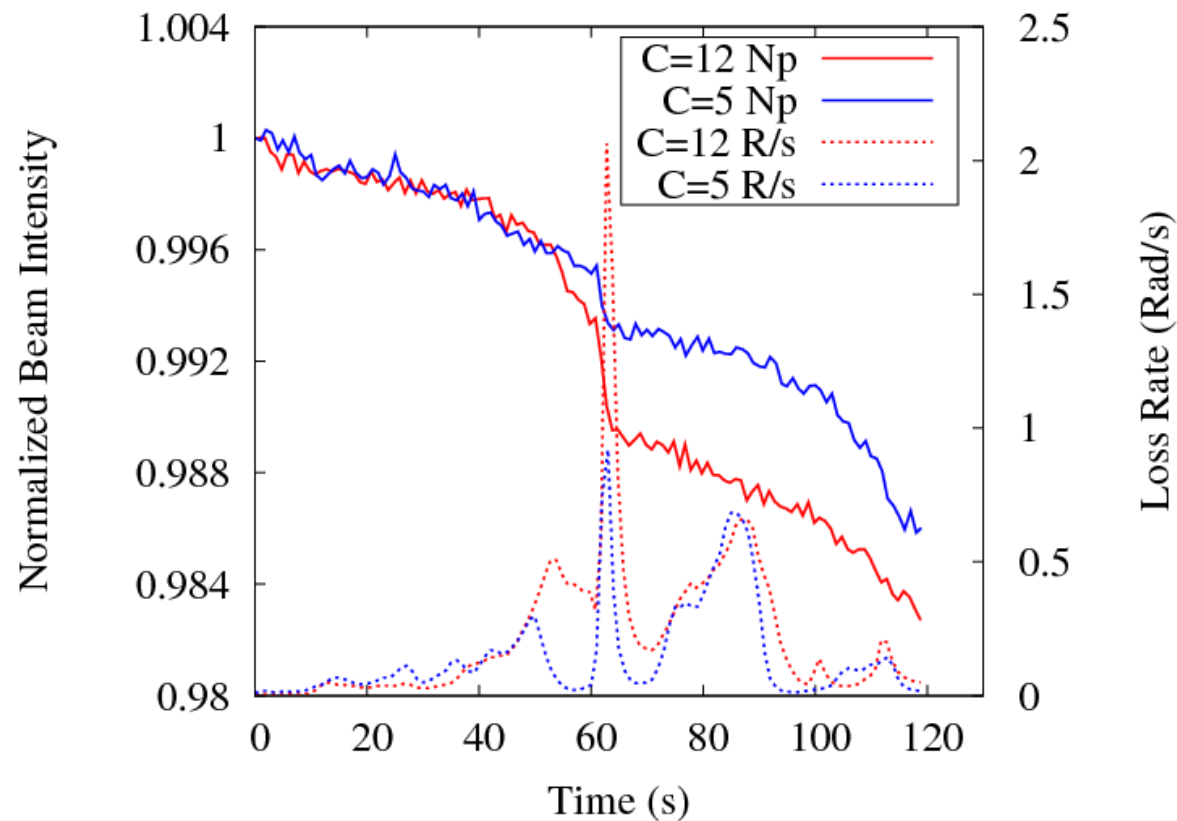


# Lowered chromaticity works!



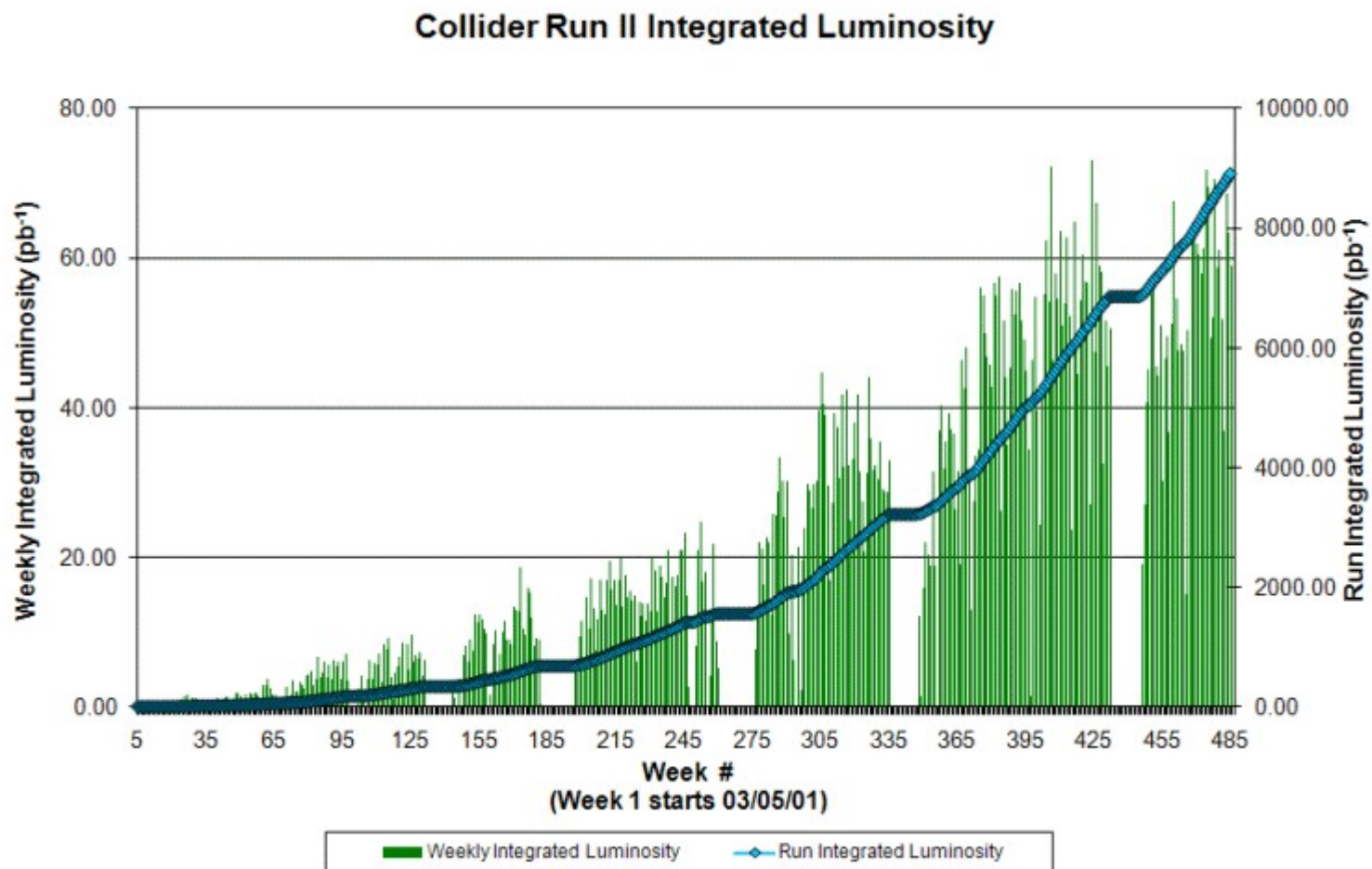
A. Valishev  
PAC2009, Recent Tevatron Operational Experience

## Normalized Proton Loss During Low-Beta Squeeze



Red traces - before chromaticity change at sequence 14, blue - after

# Contributes to data collection improvement





- We have developed an comprehensive multiple physics process application with the relevant effects to simulate the Tevatron.
- Each physics process model has been independently validated.
- We have used the application to simulate a real world operational issue and support a parameter change resulting in a real improvement in luminosity and reliability and safety.

# Acknowledgements



Argonne Leadership Computing Facility



National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center